Self-Organizing Networks: Opportunities, Challenges, and Applications

he network management automation problem in 5G systems has been gaining attention from standardization organizations and researchers. The current age of agile and dynamic cloud-based environments demands autonomous systems for managing network resources. Operators aim to optimize the network resources to achieve minimalism with efficiency. Autonomousity in networks is the next leap of evolution that is capable of going beyond automation capabilities. With autonomousity, it is not just making the network capable of managing resources but rather making the network learn and adapt itself with respect to the dynamic environment. Autonomous tasks in networks refer to self-healing, self-diagnosing, and self-provisioning. With the help of emerging technologies such as artificial intelligence (AI), Internet of Things (IoT), and Blockchain, autonomous tasks can be realized in current network systems.

To offer seamless automated end-to-end services, existing networks are made up of diverse heterogeneous devices that need

to be integrated. Until very recently, the planning, implementation, and management of this mix of services has been a largely manual activity with some automated assistance. In short, no matter the degree of refinement, it is recognized that these services can no longer be managed using such approaches. The fresh demands need a transformation supported by integrating new technologies, such as virtualization, 6G, Blockchain, Al/ML/DL, etc., to attain a new level of automation and intelligence to manage the networks efficiently.

The study by Sohaib et al. [A1] analyzes Deep Reinforcement Learning (DRL) strategies for Radio Resource Management in ORAN to meet URLLC demands, focusing on the trade-offs between reliability, latency, and adaptability. The proposed TD3 with Thompson Sampling achieves over 99% reliability in 80% cases, outperforming baseline DRL methods.

The paper reviews key advancements in Range-Free Localization for self-organizing networks, focusing on distance estimation methods and location algorithms like DV-Hop and metaheuristics proposed by Xie et al. [A2]. It highlights simplified, hardware-independent localization and outlines current challenges and future research directions.

The manuscript by Singh et al. [A3] proposes a dynamic multi-objective resource allocation model to address QoS challenges in self-organizing networks within the Society of Things (SoT). The model improves delay, throughput, and energy efficiency, offering a scalable and reliable solution for dynamic, decentralized IoT environments.

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Kapal Dev 🕕



Yang Xiao 🕕



Sunder Ali Khowaja 🕞



Atul Kumar Pandey (D)



Maurizio Magarini

The paper by Ullah et al. [A4] presents a QoS-aware framework combining NOMA, DRL, RIS, and RF energy harvesting to enhance throughput and energy efficiency in Ambient IoT (A-IoT) networks. Simulations show significant performance gains, offering a path toward scalable, near-zero energy IoT systems.

The article proposes a dynamic task partitioning strategy in fog networks using self-organizing capabilities to optimize resource use and reduce overload. The approach presented by Saxena and Kumar [A5] achieves significant reductions in queue delay and length, enhancing performance for latency-sensitive loT applications.

The article by Nguyen et al. [A6] explores the potential of Quantum Machine Learning (QML) for intelligent network functions while highlighting emerging security threats like quantum kernel poisoning and adversarial qubit attacks. It also discusses defense strategies and future research directions to secure QML-assisted applications.

The research by Naseer et al. [A7] presents a Deep Q-Learning (DQN)-

based adaptive defense mechanism to counter DNS spoofing in self-organizing IoT networks. The model achieves 97.5% accuracy by continuously learning and detecting evolving threats, ensuring robust network security.

This study introduces by Jain et al. [A8] where a CHHO-CNN+LSTM hybrid model for intelligent network slicing in 6G, combining spatial-temporal learning with optimized hyperparameter tuning. Achieving 95.48% accuracy, it outperforms conventional methods in slice classification and enables adaptive, high-performance 6G networking.

The paper by Jiang et al. [A9] presents the first vision study on integrating quantum communication with self-organizing satellite networks to enhance security, reliability, and synchronization. It analyzes current advancements, challenges, and future opportunities for enabling trustworthy next-generation IoT connectivity.

Kapal Dev Department of Computer Science Munster Technological University Cork, T12 P928 Ireland

Yang Xiao Department of Computer Science The University of Alabama Tuscaloosa, AL 35487 USA

Sunder Ali Khowaja Faculty of Engineering and Computing Dublin City University Dublin, D09 W6Y4 Ireland

GUEST EDITORIAL

Atul Kumar Pandey Department of Electronics Engineering IIT (BHU) Varanasi Varanasi 221005, India

Maurizio Magarini Politecnico di Milano 20133 Milano, Italy

APPENDIX RELATED ARTICLES

- [A1] R. M. Sohaib et al., "Optimizing URLLC in open RAN: A deep reinforcement learning-based trade-off analysis," *IEEE Commun. Standards Mag.*, vol. 9, no. 3, pp. 33–39, Sep. 2025.
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BIOGRAPHIES

KAPAL DEV (Senior Member, IEEE) (kapal.dev@ieee.org) received the Ph.D. degree from the Politecnico di Milano, Italy, in 2019, under the prestigious fellowship of Erasmus Mundus funded by the European Commission. He is currently an Assistant Professor with the Department of Computer Science, Munster Technological University (MTU), Ireland. He has led workshops at top-tier conferences, such as ACM MobiCom, IEEE Globecom, and IEEE Blockchain, and his research on data and model security and privacy, agentic AI, and Industry 5.0 has produced over 100 publications in leading scientific venues. In addition, he has supervised more than 25 master's students. He is as an External Evaluator for high-profile funding bodies. He is among the top 45 scientists elected to the Global Young Academy (GYA) 2024 and has secured over €2.5 million in competitive funding as a Principal Investigator. He is a Professional Member of ACM, underlining his commitment to the global research community. He was recognized with numerous awards, including the IEEE ComSoc EMEA Outstanding Young Researcher in 2022 and the Tom Brazil Excellence in Research Award in 2023. He holds editorial roles as an associate editor as well as a guest editor in major IEEE, Elsevier Q1 journals and magazines, Nature, and other renowned publishers.

YANG XIAO (Fellow, IEEE) (yangxiao@ieee.org) received the B.S. and M.S. degrees in computational mathematics from Jilin University, Changchun, China, in 1989 and 1991, respectively, and the M.S. and Ph.D. degrees in computer science and engineering from Wright State University, Dayton, O.H., USA, in 2000 and 2001, respectively. He is currently a Full Professor with the Department of Computer Science, The University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, AL, USA. He directed 20 doctoral dissertations and supervised 19 M.S. theses/projects. He has published over 300 Science Citation Index (SCI)-indexed journal articles (including over 60 IEEE/ACM TRANSACTIONS) and 300 Engineering Index (EI)-indexed refereed conference papers and book chapters related to these research areas. His current research interests include cyber-physical systems, the Internet of Things, security, wireless networks, smart grid, and telemedicine. He was a Voting Member of the IEEE 802.11 Working Group from 2001 to 2004, involving the IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) standardization work. He is an IET Fellow and an AAIA Fellow. He has served as a

Guest Editor over 30 times for different international journals, including IEEE JOURNAL ON SELECTED AREAS IN COMMUNICATIONS (JSAC) in 2022, IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON NETWORK SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING in 2021, IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON GREEN COMMUNICATIONS AND NETWORKING in 2021, IEEE Network in 2007, IEEE WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS in 2006 and 2021, IEEE Communications Standards Magazine in 2021, and Mobile Networks and Applications (MONET) (ACM/Springer) in 2008. He also serves as the Editor-in-Chief for Cyber-Physical Systems Journal, International Journal of Sensor Networks (IJSNet), and International Journal of Security and Networks (IJSN). He has been serving as an Editorial Board Member or an Associate Editor for 20 international journals, including IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON NETWORK SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (TNSE) since 2022, IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON CYBERNETICS since 2020, IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON SYSTEMS, MAN, AND CYBERNETICS: SYSTEMS from 2014 to 2015, IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON VEHICULAR TECHNOLOGY from 2007 to 2009, and IEEE COMMUNICATIONS SURVEYS AND TUTORIALS from 2007 to 2014.

SUNDER ALI KHOWAJA (Senior Member, IEEE) (sunder.ali@ieee.org) received the Ph.D. degree in industrial and information systems engineering from the Hankuk University of Foreign Studies, South Korea. He is currently an Assistant Professor with the Department of Telecommunication Engineering, Faculty of Engineering and Technology, University of Sindh, Pakistan. He had the experience of working with multi-national companies as a Network and RF Engineer from 2008 to 2011. He is having teaching, research, and administrative experience of more than ten years. He has published more than 30 research articles in national, international journals, and conference proceedings. His research interests include data analytics, process mining, and deep learning for computer vision applications, and emerging communication technologies. He has served as a TPC Member for workshops in A* conferences, such as Globecom and Mobicom. He is also a Regular Reviewer of notable journals, including IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON INDUS-TRIAL INFORMATICS, IEEE INTERNET OF THINGS JOURNAL, IEEE ACCESS, ELECTRONIC LETTERS, IET Image Processing, IET Signal Processing, Computer Communications, International Journal of Imaging Systems and Technology, Multimedia Systems, IET Networks, SN Applied Sciences, Artificial Intelligence Review, Computational and Mathematical in Medicine, Computers in Human Behavior, IET Wireless Sensor Systems, Journal of Information Processing Systems, and Mathematical Problems in Engineering

ATUL KUMAR PANDEY (Senior Member, IEEE) (atul.ece@iitbhu.ac.in) received the B.Tech. degree in electronics and communication engineering and the M.S. degree in electronics engineering from the Politecnico di Milano, Milan, Italy, in 2013 and September 2015, respectively, and the Ph.D. degree in information engineering from the Dipartimento di Elettronica, Informazione, and Bioingegneria, Politecnico di Milano, in December 2018. From 2018 to 2021, he was the Gerhard Fettweis' Vodafone Chair at the Dresden University of Technology (TU-Dresden), where he was a Research Associate. He is currently an Assistant Professor with the Department of Electronics Engineering, IIT (BHU) Varanasi, India. Since 2017, he has been the Director of AtlaMedico TechSolutions Pvt Ltd., he founded the company for the development of a wireless medical device for intensive care units, India, a technology start-up for the design, optimization, and operation of the medical device. His main research interests include 6G, V2V and V2X communication, the IoT and the IIoT, Industry 4.0, robotics, wireless cellular communications, synchronization errors, joint sensing and communication technology, AI techniques for end-to-end (E2E) prediction of critical quality-of-service (QoS), new radio, massive MIMO (mMIMO), orthogonal frequency division multiplexing, generalized frequency division multiplexing, the Internet of Things, and narrow-band power line communications.

MAURIZIO MAGARINI (Member, IEEE) (maurizio.magarini@polimi.it) received the M.Sc. and Ph.D. degrees in electronic engineering from the Politecnico di Milano, Milan, Italy, in 1994 and 1999, respectively. He was a Research Associate with the Dipartimento di Elettronica, Informazione e Bioingegneria, Politecnico di Milano, from 1999 to 2001. From 2001 to 2018, he was an Assistant Professor with the Politecnico di Milano, where he has been an Associate Professor since June 2018. From August 2008 to January 2009, he spent a sabbatical leave at Bell Laboratories, Alcatel-Lucent, Holmdel, NJ, USA. He has authored and co-authored more than 180 journal and conference papers. He has been involved in several European and National research projects. His research interests include communication and information theory, synchronization, channel estimation, equalization and coding applied to wireless, and optical communication systems, molecular communications, massive MIMO, study of waveforms for 5G cellular systems, vehicular communications, wireless sensor networks for mission-critical applications, and wireless networks using unmanned aerial vehicles and high-altitude platforms. In 1994, he was granted the TELECOM Italia Scholarship Award for his M.Sc. Thesis. He was a co-recipient of four best-paper awards. He is an Associate Editor of IEEE ACCESS, IET Electronics Letters, and Nano Communication Networks (Elsevier).